Port of the Islands Community Improvement District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2018

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District

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#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District Collier County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and the General and Enterprise Funds of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 29, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger Joombos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

June 29, 2019

Management's discussion and analysis of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) *Government-wide financial statements*, 2) *Fund financial statements*, and 3) *Notes to financial statements*. The *Government-wide financial statements* present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The *Fund financial statements* present financial information for the District's major funds. The *Notes to financial statements* provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and business-type activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments. Business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities, such as water and sewer service charges.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities separate from the assets, liabilities, and net position of business-type activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities or business-type activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include physical environment and general and government. Business-type activities financed by user charges include water and sewer services.

*Fund financial statements* present financial information for the governmental fund and enterprise fund. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources. The enterprise funds financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expenses), and total economic resources.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Fund financial statements* include a **balance sheet** and a **statement of revenues**, **expenditures and changes in fund balances** for all governmental funds. A **statement of revenues**, **expenditures**, **and changes in fund balances – budget and actual**, is provided for the District's General Fund. For the water and sewer fund, a **statement of net position**, a **statement of revenues**, **expenses**, **and changes in fund net position**; and a **statement of cash flows** are presented. *Fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing, split between Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including buildings, land, and roads are reported in the statement of net position. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bond, are included. The statement of activities includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the governmentwide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District and investments of the District are some of the items included in the *notes to the financial statements*.

## Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2018.

- The District's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$10,433,170. Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$762,539 and for Business-type activities was \$(511,509). Net investment in capital assets for Governmental Activities were \$1,799,521 and for Business-type activities were \$8,382,619.
- Governmental activities revenues totaled \$1,342,600 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$368,561. Business-type revenues totaled \$1,449,951 while businesstype expenses totaled \$1,360,286.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of government-wide financial activity.

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	rities Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Current assets Capital assets, net Total Assets	\$ 773,349 1,799,521 2,572,870	\$ 790,207 797,814 1,588,021	\$ (441,474) 9,818,119 9,376,645	\$ (513,127) 10,258,341 9,745,214	\$ 331,875 <u>11,617,640</u> 11,949,515	\$ 277,080 11,056,155 11,333,235	
Deferred Outflow of Resources			36,370	60,593	36,370	60,593	
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total Liabilities	10,810 - 10,810	- - -	584,905 957,000 1,541,905	588,862 1,435,500 2,024,362	595,715 957,000 1,552,715	588,862 1,435,500 2,024,362	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,799,521 762,539	797,814 790,207	8,382,619 (511,509)	8,344,341 (562,896)	10,182,140 251,030	9,142,155 227,311	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,562,060	\$ 1,588,021	\$ 7,871,110	\$ 7,781,445	\$10,433,170	\$ 9,369,466	

## **Net Position**

The increase in capital assets for governmental activities is primarily due land acquired through foreclosure in the current year.

The decrease in capital assets for business-type activities is primarily due to depreciation in the current year.

The decrease in non-current liabilities for business-type activities is primarily due to principal payments on bonds in the current year.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented at the government-wide level for comparison purposes. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of District-wide financial activity.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	<b># 2018</b>	2017
Program Revenues					• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
Charges for services	\$ 313,065	\$ 391,318	\$ 1,435,056	\$ 1,625,873	\$ 1,748,121	\$ 2,017,191
General Revenues						
Investment earnings	6,086	42,793	189	107,601	6,275	150,394
Miscellaneous	1,023,449	10,990	14,706	5,076	1,038,155	16,066
Total Revenues	1,342,600	445,101	1,449,951	1,738,550	2,792,551	2,183,651
Expenses						
General government	122,563	172,418	-	-	122,563	172,418
Physical environment	245,998	220,092	-	-	245,998	220,092
Water and sewer			1,360,286	1,294,006	1,360,286	1,294,006
Total Expenses	368,561	392,510	1,360,286	1,294,006	1,728,847	1,686,516
Change in Net Position Net Position -	974,039	52,591	89,665	444,544	1,063,704	497,135
Beginning of Year	1,588,021	1,535,430	7,781,445	7,336,901	8,872,331	8,872,331
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,562,060	\$ 1,588,021	\$ 7,871,110	\$ 7,781,445	\$ 9,936,035	\$ 9,369,466

#### **Financial Activity**

The decrease in charges for services and investment income in governmental activities and business-type activities is the result of the collection of back taxes and the interest associated with the collections in the prior year.

The increase in miscellaneous revenues in governmental activities is related to the land acquired through foreclosure in the current year.

The decrease in general government expenses for governmental activities in the current year is primarily related to real estate taxes on land purchased in the prior year.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets at September 30, 2018.

Description	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Land and improvements Improvements other than buildings	\$    1,365,636 110,121	\$	\$    1,965,311 15,584,165
Infrastructure Equipment	1,319,737 27,355	- 287,662	1,319,737 315,017
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,023,328)	(6,543,262)	(7,566,590)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 1,799,521	\$ 9,818,119	\$ 11,617,640

During the year, additions to governmental activities was \$1,042,195 and depreciation was \$40,488. Current year additions to business-type activities was \$51,209, and depreciation was \$475,732 for business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual governmental expenditures were less than the budgeted amounts primarily because landscape maintenance expenditures were less than anticipated.

The September 30, 2018 budget was amended for increased irrigation repairs and maintenance.

#### Debt Management

Business-type Activities debt includes the following:

• In October 2010, the District issued \$5,500,000 Special Assessment Revenue, Series 2010 bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the construction of financing a potable water treatment plant within the District. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2018 was \$1,435,500.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Port of the Islands Community Improvement District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2019.

### Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District Manager, Premier District Management, 3820 Colonial Blvd, Suite 101, Fort Myers, Florida 33966.

## Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and equivalents	\$	237,791	\$	47,998	\$	285,789
Cash restricted for customer deposits		-		29,740		29,740
Accounts receivable		185		2,375		2,560
Prepaid expenses		13,786		-		13,786
Internal balances	_	521,587		(521,587)		-
Total Current Assets		773,349		(441,474)		331,875
Non-current Assets						
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land and improvements		1,365,636		599,675		1,965,311
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Infrastructure		1,319,737		-		1,319,737
Improvements other than buildings		110,121		15,474,044		15,584,165
Equipment		27,355		287,662		315,017
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,023,328)		(6,543,262)		(7,566,590)
Total Non-current Assets		1,799,521		9,818,119		11,617,640
Total Assets		2,572,870		9,376,645		11,949,515
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount on refunding		-		36,370		36,370
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Customer deposits payable from		10,810		58,432		69,242
restricted assets		-		29,740		29,740
Accrued interest		-		18,233		18,233
Bonds payable		-		478,500		478,500
Total Current Liabilities		10,810		584,905		595,715
Non ourrent Liebilities						
Non-current Liabilities				057.000		057.000
Bonds payable		- 10,810		957,000		957,000
Total Liabilities		10,810		1,541,905		1,552,715
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,799,521		8,382,619		10,182,140
Unrestricted		762,539		(511,509)		251,030
Total Net Position	\$	2,562,060	\$	7,871,110	\$	10,433,170

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Program Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			d		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		harges for Services		ernmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
Primary government										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	(122,563)	\$	104,108	\$	(18,455)	\$	-	\$	(18,455)
Physical environment		(245,998)		208,957		(37,041)		-		(37,041)
Total Governmental Activities		(368,561)		313,065		(55,496)		-		(55,496)
Business-Type Activities										
Water and sewer		(1,360,286)		1,435,056		-		74,770		74,770
Total Primary Government	\$	(1,728,847)	\$	1,748,121		(55,496)		74,770		19,274
	Ger	neral Revenues	5							
		vestment earni				6,086		189		6,275
		liscellaneous	U			1,023,449		14,706		1,038,155
		Total Genera	al Rev	/enues		1,029,535		14,895		1,044,430
		Change in N	et Po	sition		974,039		89,665		1,063,704
	Net	Position - Octo	ber 1	, 2017		1,588,021		7,781,445		9,369,466
	Net	Position - Sept	tembe	er 30, 2018	\$	2,562,060	\$	7,871,110	\$	10,433,170

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND September 30, 2018

ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 237,791
Accounts receivable	185
Due from other funds	521,587
Prepaid expenses	13,786
Total Assets	\$ 773,349
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,810
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	
Prepaid expenses	13,786
Assigned - first quarter operations	103,762
Unassigned	644,991
Total Fund Balances	 762,539
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 773,349

## Port of the Islands Community Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GENERAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 762,539
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets, \$2,822,849, net of accumulated depreciation, \$(1,023,328), used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 1,799,521
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,562,060

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Revenues Special assessments Investment income Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues	\$ 313,065 6,086 5,249 324,400
Expenditures Current General government Physical environment Capital outlay	122,563 205,510 23,995
Total Expenditures Net change in fund balances	352,068
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017	790,207
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 762,539

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GENERAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(27,668)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that capital outlay (\$23,995) was exceeded by depreciation (\$(40,488)) in the current year.		(16,493)
Capital assets acquired through foreclosure are recognized at the government-wide level as miscellaneouse revenues, but not in the governmental funds.	1	,018,200
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	974,039

## Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	¢ 440.075	¢ 040.000	¢ 040.005	¢ (400)
Special assessments	\$ 413,375	\$ 313,233	\$ 313,065	\$ (168)
Investment income	1,617	6,717	6,086	(631)
Miscellaneous revenues	500	5,500	5,249	(251)
Total Revenues	415,492	325,450	324,400	(1,050)
Expenditures Current General government Physical environment Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	104,033 221,030 - 325,063	117,324 290,174 - 407,498	122,563 205,510 23,995 352,068	(5,239) 84,664 (23,995) 55,430
Net change in fund balances	90,429	(82,048)	(27,668)	54,380
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017	890,555	890,555	790,207	(100,348)
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 980,984	\$ 808,507	\$ 762,539	\$ (45,968)

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – WATER & SEWER FUND September 30, 2018

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and equivalents Cash restricted for customer deposits Accounts receivable Total Current Assets Non-Current Assets Land and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$ 47,998 29,740 2,375 80,113 599,675 15,474,044 287,662
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(6,543,262)
Total Non-Current Assets Total Assets	<u>9,818,119</u> 9,898,232
Total Assets	9,090,232
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding	36,370
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	58,432 521,587 29,740
Accrued interest	18,233
Bonds payable	478,500
Total Current Liabilities	1,106,492
Non-current Liabilities	
Bonds payable	957,000
Total Liabilities	2,063,492
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	8,382,619
Unrestricted	(511,509)
Total Net Position	\$ 7,871,110

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – WATER & SEWER FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Operating Revenues: Charges for services Water Sewer Irrigation Special assessments Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 60,386 85,103 94,263 1,195,304 14,706
Total Operating Revenues	1,449,762
Operating Expenses: General and administrative Plant operations Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	225,227 555,407 475,732 1,256,366
Operating Income(Loss)	193,396
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Loss on sale of capital assets Interest income Interest expense Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	(15,699) 189 (88,221) (103,731)
Change in Net Position	89,665
Net Position - October 1, 2017	7,781,445
Net Position - September 30, 2018	\$ 7,871,110

# Port of the Islands Community Improvement District STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – WATER & SEWER FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from special assessments Receipts from other sources Payments to suppliers for goods and services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 242,574 1,195,304 14,706 (829,482) 623,102
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Principal payments on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	 (51,209) (454,277) (83,412) (588,898)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	 189
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,393
Cash and equivalents - October 1, 2017	 43,345
Cash and equivalents - September 30, 2018	\$ 77,738
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$ 193,396
provided by operating activities: Depreciation Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in due to other funds Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses Decrease in customer deposits	475,732 6,482 1,951 (45,693) (5,106) (3,660)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 623,102

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

## 1. Reporting Entity

The District is a local unit of special purpose government located in Collier County, Florida, (the "County") which was established pursuant to Ordinance No. 86-64 (the "Act") enacted by the County Commission effective September 16, 1986. The District was established for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a water and sewer system, road and drainage systems, and other systems and facilities as provided in Section 190 of the *Florida Statutes*.

The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors (the "Board"). The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190. The Board has the final responsibility for: 1) assessing and levying maintenance taxes and special assessments, 2) approving budgets, 3) exercising control over facilities and properties, 4) controlling the use of funds generated by the District, 5) approving the hiring and firing of key personnel, and 6) financing improvements.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Port of the Islands Community Improvement District (the primary government), as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility which includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria, as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District has identified no component units.

## 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities which normally are supported by special assessments and interest, are reported separately from business-type activities. Program revenues include charges for services and special assessments. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financial source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

## b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

#### Governmental Funds

The District classifies fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The classifications include non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

### b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### Governmental Funds (Continued)

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenditures) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### Governmental Funds (Continued)

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### Enterprise Funds

In the fund financial statements, the Enterprise Fund is presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, the Enterprise Fund is presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Enterprise Fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all FASB and AICPA pronouncements, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with, or contradict, GASB pronouncements.

Enterprise Fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as other financing sources.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 3. Basis of Presentation

## a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### b. Enterprise Major Fund

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> – The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the water and sewer plant, which are funded by proceeds from operations of these facilities, including special assessments, user fees, meter fees and connection fees.

### c. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, due to developer and accrued compensated absences be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

## 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

#### a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### a. Cash and Investments (Continued)

4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.

### b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances".

#### c. Restricted Net Position

Certain net position of the District is classified as restricted on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted net position, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### d. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Improvements other than buildings	5-48 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	15-30 years

### e. Deferred Outflow of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amount on refunding reported on the Statement of Net Position. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

## f. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general fund. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

# NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$762,539, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$2,562,060, reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated as follows.

# NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

### Capital related items

When capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land and improvements	\$	1,365,636
Infrastructure		1,319,737
Equipment		27,355
Improvements other than buildings		110,121
Accumulated depreciation		(1,023,328)
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,799,521

# 2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net changes in fund balances" for government funds, \$(27,668), differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$974,039, reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated as follows.

#### Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas, net position decrease by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$	(40,488)
Capital outlay		23,995
Total	<u>\$</u>	(16,493)

## NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The District does, however, follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2018, the District's bank balance was \$303,132 and the carrying value was \$315,529. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

#### Investments

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Among other investments, the policy allows the District to invest in the State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Funds.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2018 were typical.

## **NOTE D – SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES**

Special assessment revenues recognized for the 2017-2018 fiscal year were levied in October 2017. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Per Section 197.162, Florida Statutes, discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to, June 1; however, the District had \$1,487,339 in special assessments receivable at September 30, 2018 which were offset by an allowance for doubtful accounts in the same amount.

## NOTE E – RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable in the Enterprise Fund at September 30, 2018 consisted of trade receivables. Receivables are recorded at their net realizable value.

#### Accounts Payable

Accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Enterprise Fund consisted of vendor payables in the amount of \$58,432.

## **NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Oc	alance stober 1, 2017	Additions	Del	etions	Balance otember 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:						 
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and improvements	\$	347,436	\$ 1,018,200	\$	-	\$ 1,365,636
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure		1,313,611	12,253		(6,127)	1,319,737
Improvements other than buildings		110,121	-		-	110,121
Equipment		15,613	11,742		-	27,355
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		1,439,345	23,995		(6,127)	 1,457,213
Total Capital Assets		1,786,781	1,042,195		(6,127)	 2,822,849
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		(870,747)	(39,437)		6,127	(904,057)
Buildings and improvements		(102,607)	(408)		-	(103,015)
Equipment		(15,613)	(643)		-	(16,256)
Total Accumulated Deprecitation		(988,967)	(40,488)		6,127	 (1,023,328)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		450,378	(16,493)		-	 433,885
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	797,814	\$ 1,001,707	\$	-	\$ 1,799,521

Depreciation of \$40,488 was charged to physical environment.

# NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of changes in the Water & Sewer Fund capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2018.

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,
	2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 599,675	\$ -	\$-	\$ 599,675
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements other than buildings	15,448,440	51,209	(25,605)	15,474,044
Equipment	287,662	-	-	287,662
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	15,736,102	51,209	(25,605)	15,761,706
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	(5,967,652)	(459,861)	9,906	(6,417,607)
Equipment	(109,784)	(15,871)	-	(125,655)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,077,436)	(475,732)	9,906	(6,543,262)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	9,658,666	(424,523)	(15,699)	9,218,444
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets	\$ 10,258,341	\$ (424,523)	\$ (15,699)	\$ 9,818,119

Depreciation of \$475,732 was charged to water and sewer.

## NOTE G – LONG TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity in the long-term debt of the District for the year ended September 30, 2018:

#### **Business-type Activities**

Long-term debt at October 1, 2017	\$	1,914,000
Principal payments		(478,500)
Long-term debt at September 30, 2018	<u>\$</u>	1,435,500

## NOTE G – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

\$1,914,000 Series 2017 Refunding Bonds, due in annual principal installments, beginning May 2018. Interest is due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 at a rate of 3.050%.

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019 2020 2021	\$	478,500 478,500 478,500	\$	43,783 29,189 14,594	\$	522,283 507,689 493,094	
Totals	\$	1,435,500	\$	87,566	\$	1,523,066	

### NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

## NOTE I – LITIGATION

The District is involved in litigation with a landowner related to the non-payment of fiscal year 2010 through 2017 special assessments. In total, the District has not received \$1,487,339 of assessments. During 2010, the landowner filed for Chapter 11 Bankruptcy; however, the bankruptcy was dismissed by the Judge. An allowance account has been established related to outstanding assessments. In the current year, the District completed foreclosure proceedings resulting in the cancellation of assessments receivable of \$1,197,094 and the acquisition of land, which was capitalized at fair market value of \$1,018,200.



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District Collier County, Florida

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The current status of the prior finding is as follows:

#### 2017-01

- Finding: The General Fund actual expenditures exceeded the budget for the years ended September 30, 2017 which is in violation of Section 189.016, Florida Statutes.
- Response: Management will review current year spending to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations.

Status: The finding was corrected during the current year.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger Joonbos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants Fort Pierce, Florida

June 29, 2019



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#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District Collier County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Port of the Islands Community Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2019.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated June 29, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this Management Letter.

#### Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit other than noted on page 33.

#### **Financial Condition**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Port of the Islands Community Improvement District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Port of the Islands Community Improvement District did not meet one of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.



#### To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2018 for the Port of the Islands Community Improvement District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note a finding in the current year. Additionally, the prior year finding was corrected in the current year (see page 33 of this report).

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our Management Letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger Joombos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

June 29, 2019



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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Port of the Islands Community Improvement District Collier County, Florida

We have examined Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Port of the Islands Community Improvement District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Port of the Islands Community Improvement District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Berger Joonibos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

June 29, 2019